



The MACRO Consortium



MACRO's Next Generation Capabilities: an Integral Field Spectrometer for the *Robert L. Mutel Telescope*

AAS 244 Madison, WI

Philip Griffin (philip-griffin@uiowa.edu) University of Iowa







Fiber Spectrometer Motivation



Fiber Spectrometer Motivation

- Have low and high resolution (slitless) grism spectrometers
 - Limited to point sources, resolution limited by seeing and grism-detector separation
 - 400-720 nm (R~300)
 - 600-720 nm (R>2000)
- Want high resolution (R~3000) across visible range with slit
 - Could design more grisms (expensive and no slit)



Fiber Spectrometer Motivation

- Novel opportunity to add a unique capability to the RLMT - a 19-fiber integral field spectrometer
- Additional single fiber for wavelength calibration
- Nominally ~5 arcsecond fibers, bundle covers ~30 arcseconds





Design Challenges



Design Challenges

- Need to map fiber orientation on-sky to spectrometer
 - Mapping not provided by manufacturer
- Designed a fiber mapping system
 - Scans spectral line across linear end of bundle
 - Camera on circular end to see lit fibers





Design Challenges

- Need method to align on-sky
- Inspired by WIYN 3.5m and MINERVA (Swift et al. 2015) backlight systems
- Guide camera, pellicle beamsplitter, retroreflector
- Need pickoff for remote change from imaging/grisms to fiber spectrometer
- Made prototype (at our poster session)





Sky Test





- Tested on-sky at Knox
 - Meade 10" f/6.3 SCT
 - May 17, 2024
- Purpose ensure optics function as expected





Sky Test

- Captured spectrum of Vega centered on Hα
- Each pixel ~0.2 Å (binned 2x2, so ~0.4 Å)
- Median of 20 at 0.7 seconds each





Conclusions

- Much more to do with spectrometer and pickoff system
- Will expand capabilities and opportunities for undergraduate classroom learning and research









